

Step 1 – Identification and other information (continued)



Elections Canada

For more information, see “Elections Canada” in Step 1 of the guide.

- A) Do you have Canadian citizenship?
If **yes**, go to question B. If **no**, skip question B. 1 Yes 2 No
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- B) As a Canadian citizen, do you authorize the CRA to give your name, address, date of birth and citizenship to Elections Canada to update the National Register of Electors or, if you are 14 to 17 years of age, the Register of Future Electors? 1 Yes 2 No

Your authorization is valid until you file your next tax return. Your information will only be used for purposes permitted under the Canada Elections Act, which include sharing lists of electors produced from the National Register of Electors with provincial and territorial electoral agencies, members of Parliament, registered and eligible political parties, and candidates at election time.

Your information in the Register of Future Electors will be included in the National Register of Electors once you turn 18 and your eligibility to vote is confirmed. Information from the Register of Future Electors can be shared only with provincial and territorial electoral agencies that are allowed to collect future elector information. In addition, Elections Canada can use information in the Register of Future Electors to provide youth with educational information about the electoral process.

Indian Act – Exempt Income

Tick this box if you have income that is exempt under the Indian Act.

For more information about this type of income, go to canada.ca/taxes-indigenous-peoples. 1

If you ticked the box above, complete Form T90, Income Exempt from Tax under the Indian Act, so that the CRA can calculate your Canada training credit limit for the 2022 tax year. The information you provide may also be used to calculate your Canada workers benefit for the 2022 tax year, if applicable, and your family's provincial or territorial benefits.

Information about your residency status

Tick the box that describes your residency status as of December 31, 2022

(See “Determining your residency status” in the guide):

- | | | |
|--|-------|--------------------------------|
| I was a non-resident of Canada. | 17700 | 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes |
| I was a deemed non-resident of Canada. | 17700 | 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes |
| I was a deemed resident of Canada because I stayed in Canada for 183 days or more in 2022. | 17700 | 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes |
| I was a deemed resident of Canada for other reasons | 17700 | 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes |

Foreign property

If you were a **deemed resident of Canada** in 2022, answer the following question:

Did you own or hold specified foreign property where the total cost amount of all such property, At any time in 2022, was **more than CAN\$100,000**? 26600 1 Yes 2 No

If **yes**, complete Form T1135, Foreign Income Verification Statement. There are substantial penalties for not filing Form T1135 by the due date. For more information, see Form T1135.

Note: If you were a **deemed resident of Canada** in 2022, you have to report your income from all sources both inside and Outside of Canada. The Income Tax and Benefit Guide for Non-Residents and Deemed Residents of Canada has additional information for certain lines.